6. OTHER EFFECTS ON ENZYME ACTIVITY

- > Ionic strength
- ► pH
- > TEMPERATURE
- Shear
- > Pressure (hydrostatic)
- > Surface tension
- ➤ Chemicals (alcohol, urea, H₂O₂...)
- > Light, sonication, ionising radiations

Reverzible

changes

Irreverzible



Active side chains

Changes in activity of proteins are caused by changes of amino acid side chains.

Acidic: -COOH: Asp, Glu Basic: -NH₂: Lys, Arg (and terminal -COOH and -NH₂)

amide: -CO-NH₂: Asn, Gln

Michaelis-féle pH függvények:

Polar: -OH: Ser, Thr -SH: Cys, -S-CH₃: Met

Imidazole: His Guanidin: Arg
H-bonds: C=O H-O- C=O H-NH-

Proteins: + and - charged side chains \leftarrow their charge depends on dissociation \leftarrow determined by $pH \rightarrow$ it effects the active centre. Recharge of enzyme: $E \rightleftharpoons E^- + H^+$ $E \rightleftharpoons H^+ E^- + H^+$ $E' \rightleftharpoons E^2 + H^+$ $K_1 = \frac{H^+ \cdot E^-}{E}$ Only E' is active! $K_2 = \frac{H^+ \cdot E^-}{E}$ $E_0 = E + E^- + E^{2-}$

 $1 + H^{+} / K_{1} + K_{2} / H^{+}$

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